

Exhibit 20. Collision map: western part of the study area

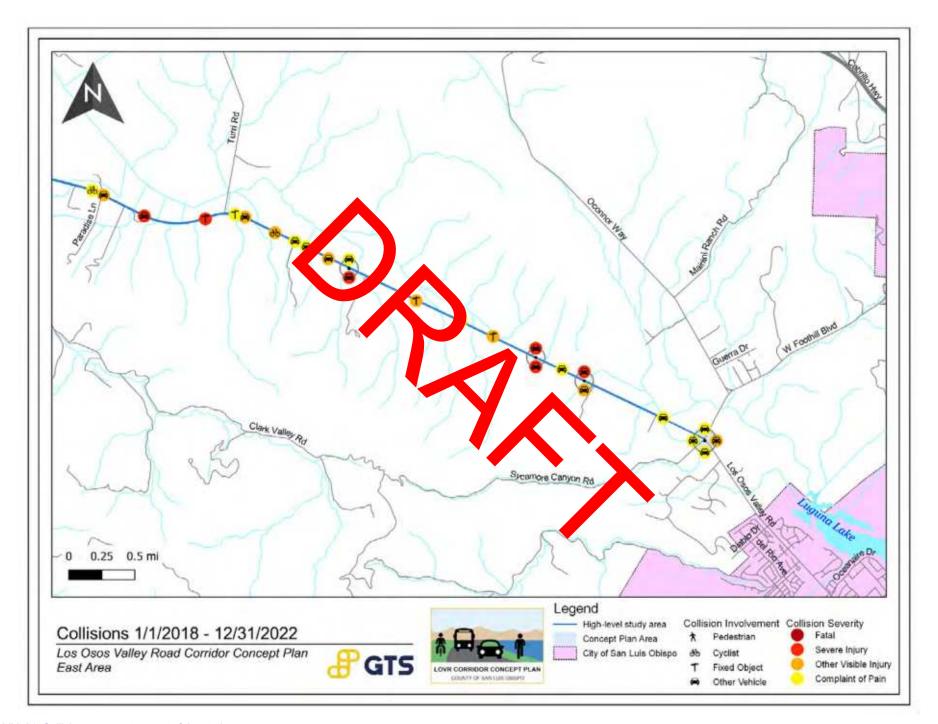


Exhibit 21. Collision map: eastern part of the study area

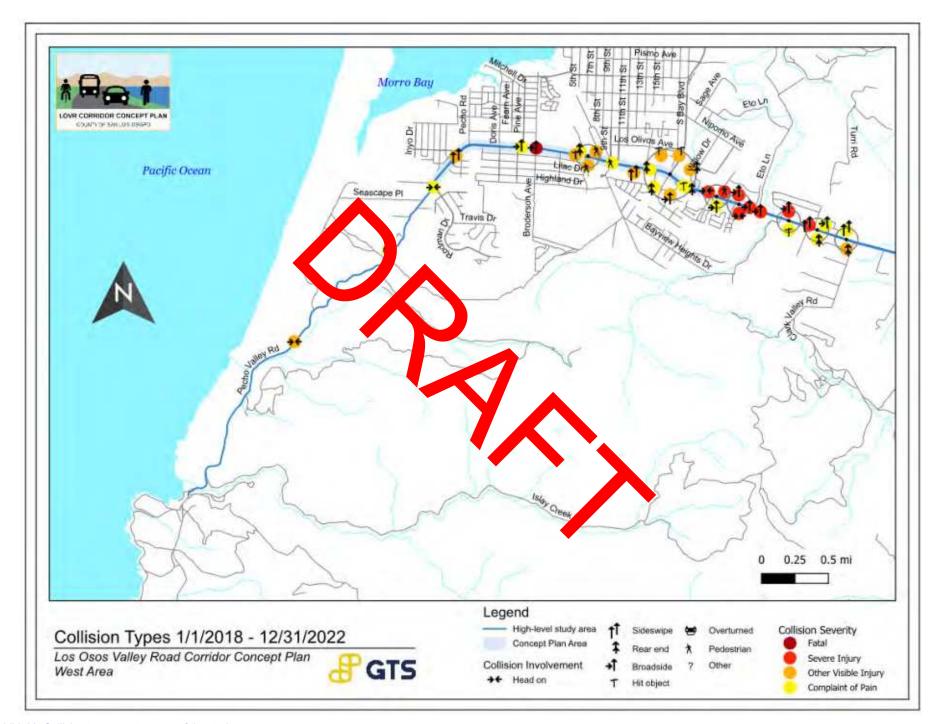


Exhibit 22. Collision types: eastern part of the study area

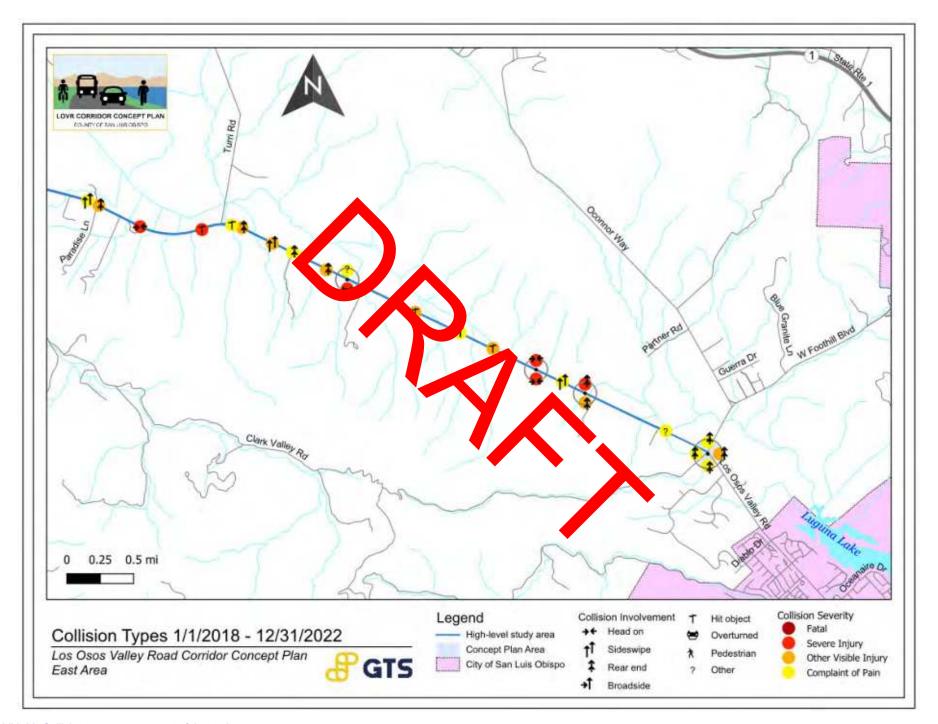


Exhibit 23. Collision types: western part of the study area

5.6. Traffic Volumes

Average Daily Traffic (ADT) and turning movement counts (TMC) were conducted along the corridor on typical weekdays and Saturdays in late September and early October 2023.

24-hour ADT counts were collected on two typical weekdays and one Saturday for the following 6 locations:

- 1. Between Seascape Place and Rodman Drive
- 2. West of Doris Avenue
- 3. Between Doris Avenue and 9th Street
- 4. Between Sunset Drive and Fairchild Way
- 5. West of Clark Valley Road
- 6. Approximately 2 miles west of Foothill Boulevard

Weekday ADT varied by location, from 1,760 daily weekday vehicles and 2,164 daily weekend vehicles at location ADT1 to 15,309 daily vehicles and 11,693 daily weekend vehicles at ADT5. Daily traffic volumes immediately were of the Los Osos business district ADT3) were around 60% of those in the business district (ADT4 and ADT5). ADT figures are summarized in Exhibit 23a.

	Tur (ay			Wednesday		
ADT Count Location	Eastbound	Westbou d	(both directors)	Eastbound	Westbound	Combined (both directions)
1	819	814	1 33	944	942	1886
2	2550	2643	519	26.7	2766	5456
3	4594	4516	911	4769	4772	9541
4	7360	7353	14713	7567	7545	15112
5	7142	8002	15144	7277	197	15474
6	7297	7522	14819	7281	7580	14861

	Weekday Average			Saturday		
ADT Count Location	Eastbound	Westbound	Combined (both directions)	Eastbound	Westbound	Combined (both directions)
1	882	878	1760	1084	1080	2164
2	2620	2704.5	5325	2880	2867	5747
3	4682	4644	9326	4310	4309	8619
4	7464	7449	14913	6885	6554	13439
5	7210	8099.5	15309	5648	6045	11693
6	7289	7551	14840	5870	6062	11932

Exhibit 23a. Average Daily Traffic Counts

Turning movement counts were collected on a typical weekday, from 7:00 to 9:00 AM, 1:30 to 3:30 PM, and 4:00 – 6:00 PM, for the following 15 locations:

- 1. LOVR at Foothill Boulevard (signalized 4-way intersection with left turn lanes for both directions on LOVR, right turn lane for westbound LOVR, crosswalks on north and east legs)
- 2. LOVR at Turri Road (unsignalized T-intersection with turn lanes for both directions on LOVR)
- 3. LOVR at South Bay Boulevard (signalized 4-way intersection with left turn lanes for both directions on LOVR, right turn lane for westbound LOVR, crosswalks on north, south, and west legs)
- 4. LOVR at Fairchild Way (unsignalized 4-way intersection with left turn lane for westbound LOVR, two-way left turn lane on the west side of the intersection, RRFB crosswalk on west leg, crosswalk on north leg, south leg is parking lot entrance)
- 5. LOVR at Sunset Drive (unsignalized 4-way intersection with two-way left turn lanes on LOVR, RRFB crosswalk on west leg, crosswalk on south leg, north leg is parking lot entrance)
- 6. LOVR at 10th Street (signalized T-intersection with left turn lane for eastbound LOVR and two-way left turn lane on the east side of the intersection; crosswalks on north and east legs of intersection)
- 7. LOVR at 9th Street (signated 4 vay intersection with left turn lanes for both directions on LOVR and right turn lane for yestbound OVR; crosswalks on all legs of intersection)
- 8. LOVR at Palisades Avenue (signalized 1-way intersection with left turn lanes for both directions on LOVR and right turn lanes of we bound LOVR; crosswalks on all legs of intersection)
- 9. LOVR at Ravenna Avenue (ungenally d Telesection with no turn lanes)
- 10. LOVR at Broderson Avenue (unsignated T-intersection with no turn lanes)
- 11. LOVR at Pine Avenue (unsignalized -interpetition with two-way left turn lane)
- 12.LOVR at Alexander Avenue (unsignalized T-in section ith school crosswalk and left turn lane for westbound LOVR)
- 13.LOVR at Doris Avenue (signalized 4-way intersection) with left arm lanes for both directions on LOVR; crosswalks on all legs of intersection)
- 14.LOVR/PVR at Pecho Road (unsignalized T-intersection with the lakes for both directions on PVR/LOVR)
- 15. PVR at Monarch Lane (unsignalized T-intersection with turn lanes for both directions on PVR)

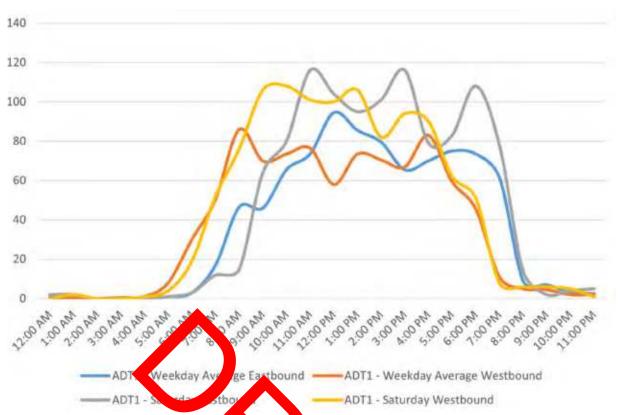


Exhibit 24. ADT1 (PVR between Seascape Place and Roman Prive) train volumes

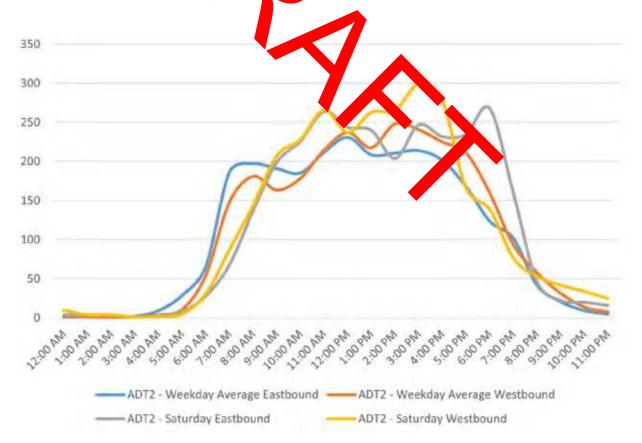


Exhibit 26. ADT2 (LOVR west of Doris Avenue) traffic volumes

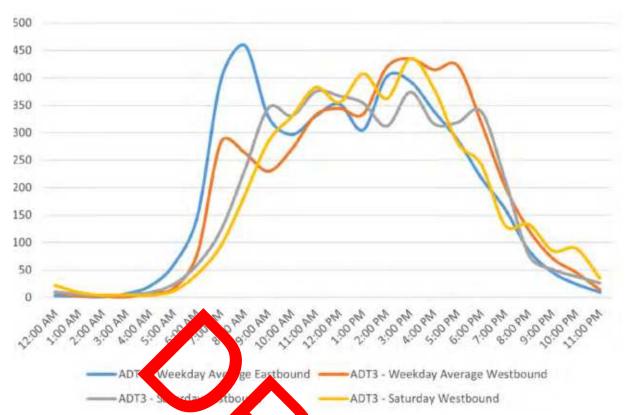


Exhibit 28. ADT3 (LOVR between Doris Avenue and 9th 2005) raffic volumes

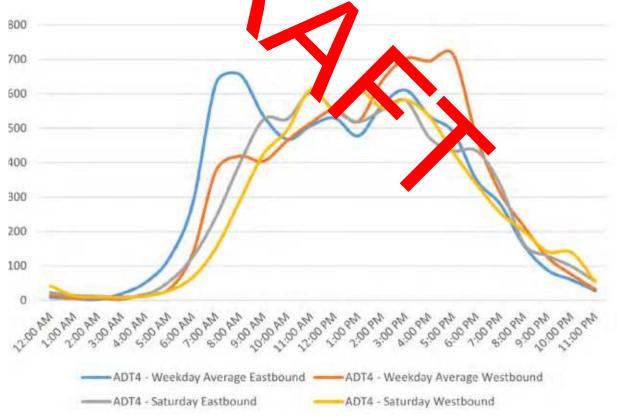


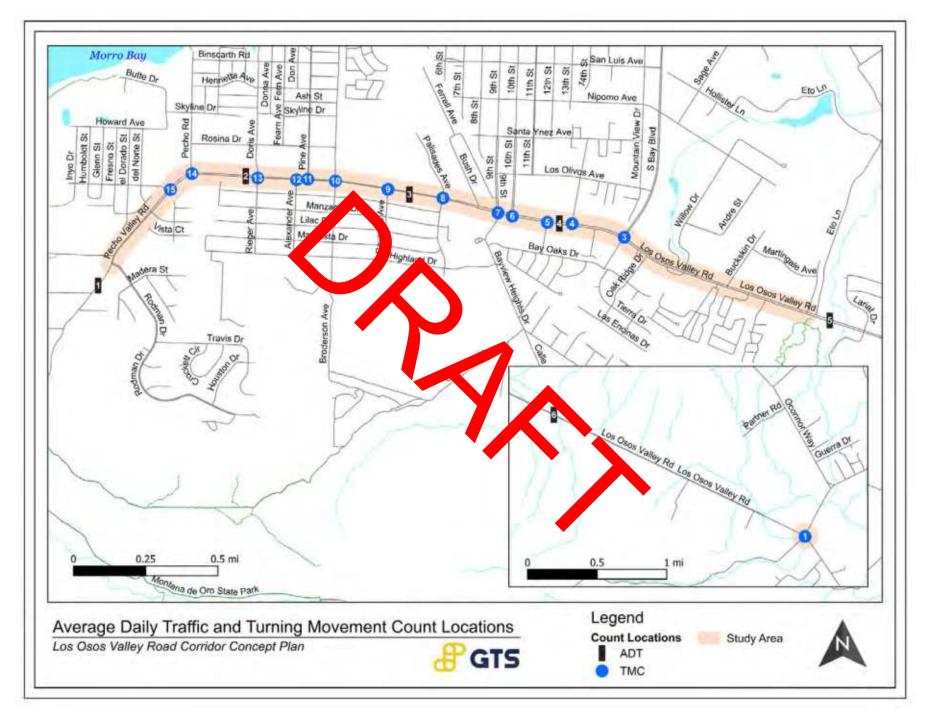
Exhibit 30. ADT4 (LOVR between Sunset Drive and Fairchild Way) traffic volumes

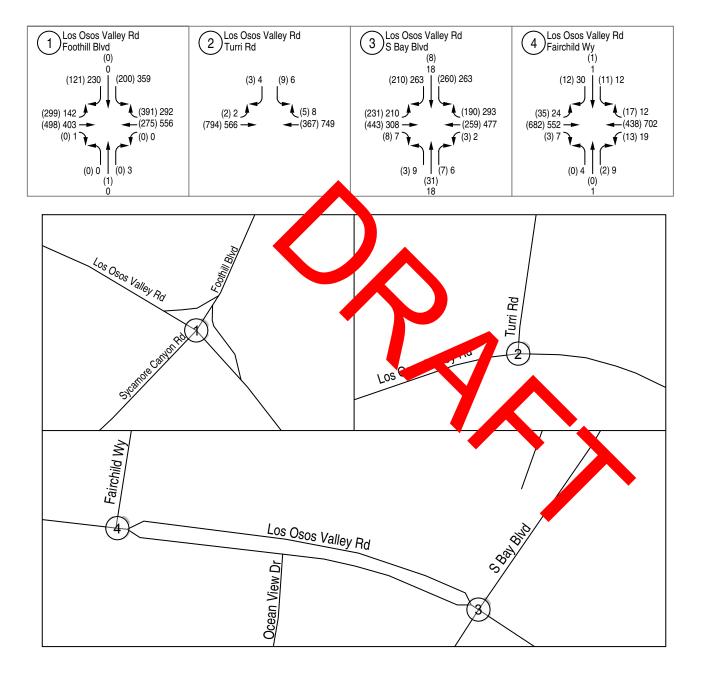


Exhibit 32. ADT5 (LOVR west of Clark Valley Road) traff



Exhibit 34. ADT6 (LOVR approximately 2 miles west of Foothill Boulevard) traffic volumes

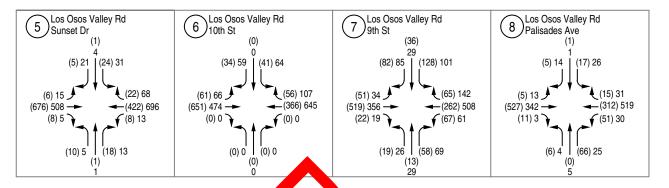




- X) Weekday AM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- X Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- (X) Study Intersection







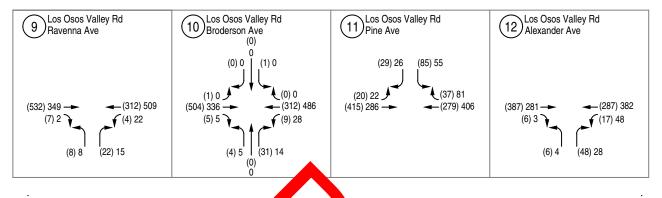


- (X) Weekday AM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- X Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes



Study Intersection

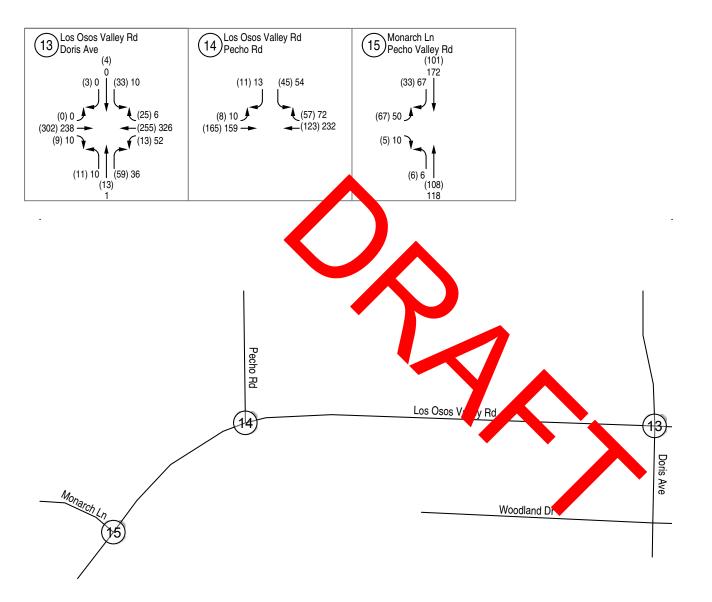






- X) Weekday AM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- X Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- (X) Study Intersection





- X) Weekday AM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- X Weekday PM Peak Hour Traffic Volumes
- (x)

Study Intersection



5.7. Constraint and Feasibility Assessment

There are a number of proposed corridor improvements across the 2016 San Luis Obispo Bikeways Plan, the 2020 Los Osos Community Plan, the 2021 Los Osos Road Fee Improvement Study (Circulation Study), and the Froom Ranch Specific Plan Traffic Impact Study that have been mentioned throughout this document. These proposals include the installation of class II bike lanes, multi-purpose paths, road widenings, and other enhancements for drivers, bicyclists, and pedestrians. This section will analyze these proposals by segment and intersection going from west to east. It also will identify constraints and overlaps between plans, and examine the feasibility of the proposed improvements.

a) Montaña De Oro State Park to Rodman Drive

The Bikeways Plan proposes the installation of a class II bikeway along the section of Pecho Valley Road (PVR) between Montaña De Oro State Park and Rodman Drive. is a two-lane road of rural character with one lane in each direction, soft shoulders, some sharp curves, and limited space for cyclists or pedestrians (see Exhibit 42). In some sections there is no shoulder. Existing constraints include steep topography and trees close to the road (see Exhibit 43). The road would need to be widened to add class II bike laner widening would be challenging and involve relatively high costs due to the topography of the area during see visits, pedestrians were observed in the roadway with limited space to walk and run and it adequate reparation from vehicles. Even with the addition of class II bike lanes, this road segment would still have indequate accommodations for pedestrians.

As an alternative to widening this section, one possibility is to develop the existing trails to better accommodate bicycle and pedestriat trail. The existing network of dirt trails (shown in Exhibit 44) provides a connection from Sea Wind Way to montaña De Oro State Park and could be improved to provide an alternative route, avoiding PVI but linking the same destinations.





Exhibit 42. View of Pecho Valley Road showing topographic constraints and limited space for pedestrians



b) Rodman Drive to Doris Avenue

Although the existing plans do not call for any improvements to this section, the Corridor Concept Plan includes some improvements to bicycle and pedestrian facilities to ensure continuity and improve safety. Comments posted on the interactive website emphasized the need for such facilities. There is an existing multi-use path on the north side of PVR between Rodman Drive and Monarch Lane, and an existing 10-foot-wide sidewalk on the north side of LOVR alongside Monarch Grove Elementary School. The Corridor Concept Plan includes a multi-use path to connect these existing facilities, which would provide better continuity for pedestrians and cyclists. To improve safety, the continuous right turn lane currently serving Pecho Road and Monarch Lane is separated into two distinct right turn lanes, with the width reduced to the standard range (from the existing 17 feet).

c) Doris Avenue to Palisades Avenue

The following projects are listed in the previous plans for the section of LOVR between Doris Avenue and Palisades Avenue:

- The Bikeways Plan calls for plass II bikeway on the eastbound side of LOVR between Doris Avenue and Broderson Appnue.
- The Community Plan can's for widehing LOVR between Doris Avenue and Palisades Avenue to provide a continuous center left-ton large and constructing a multi-use trail on the westbound side of the same section.
- The Circulation Study calls for the installation of a two-way left-turn lane (TWLTL) between Pine Avenue and Palisades Ave.

Consequently, the Corridor Concept Plan icludes the acove improvements. The Concept Plan shows continuous class II bike lanes on each side of CVR drough this section to ensure the continuity of bike facilities, and a multi-use trail on the north side between Poris Avenue and Broderson Avenue, some homes are close to the road on the north side; the trail to the concept Plan shows an 8-foot-wide multi-use trail (the minimum per Cultra's sundards) through this section. Between Broderson Avenue and Palisades Avenue, fewer constraints exist; therefore, a 12-foot-wide multi-use trail is shown through this section.



Exhibit 45. Planned improvements from Doris Avenue to Palisades Avenue

d) Palisades Avenue to Bush Drive

Although the existing plans do not call for any improvements to this ection, the Corridor Concept Plan includes some improvements to ensure continuity of the facilities that are planned for the adjacent sections on each side of this section. This includes realignment of the sidewalk on the north side and closing the sidewalk gap on the south side of LOVR.

e) Bush Drive to South Bay Boulevard

There are several projects listed in the previous plans for the section of LOVR between Bush Drive and South Bay Boulevard:

- The Community Plan calls for the following:
 - » Construction of center medians and traffic calming measures such as bulb-outs, medians, and raised crosswalks where feasible within the Central Business District.
 - » A right turn lane for Bush Drive on westbound LOVR.
 - » Extension of the median to prevent left turns to or from Bush Drive (right-in/right-out).
 - » Crosswalks and signal synchronization at the intersection of LOVR with Bayview Heights Drive and 9th Street.

- » Crosswalks, signal synchronization, a planted median, and plantings on the south side at the intersection of LOVR with 10th Street.
- » Either a median (right-in/right-out) or crosswalks and a pedestrian signal at the intersection of LOVR with Sunset Drive.
- » A traffic signal at the intersection of LOVR with Fairchild Way (also listed in the Circulation Study).
- » A raised median from Bush Drive to Sunset Drive.
- » At the intersection of LOVR with South Bay Boulevard, a gateway feature, signal synchronization and upgrade, crosswalks, southbound dual left turn lanes (also listed in the Circulation Study), and a connection from the sidewalk to the proposed multi-use trail on the east side of South Bay Boulevard.
- The Circulation Study calls for the following:
 - » A median with left-turn pockets from Bush Drive to Fairchild Way.
 - » Corridor improvements 9th Street to Los Osos Creek Bridge.
 - » Left-turn restriction the intersection of LOVR with Sunset Drive.
 - » A traffic signal at the intersection of LOVR with Fairchild Way (also listed in the Community Plan).
 - Southbound dual left turn laws at the Intersection of LOVR with South Bay Boulevard (also listed in the Community Pun).

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The Concept Plan includes the above features.





f) South Bay Boulevard to Palomino Drive

The following projects are listed in the previous plans for the section of LOVR between South Bay Boulevard and Palomino Drive:

- » The Circulation Study calls for corridor improvements from 9th Street to Los Osos Creek Bridge.
- » The Community Plan calls for a 4-foot-wide pedestrian trail from South Bay Boulevard to Los Osos Creek Bridge.

The Concept Plan includes the pedestrian trail.

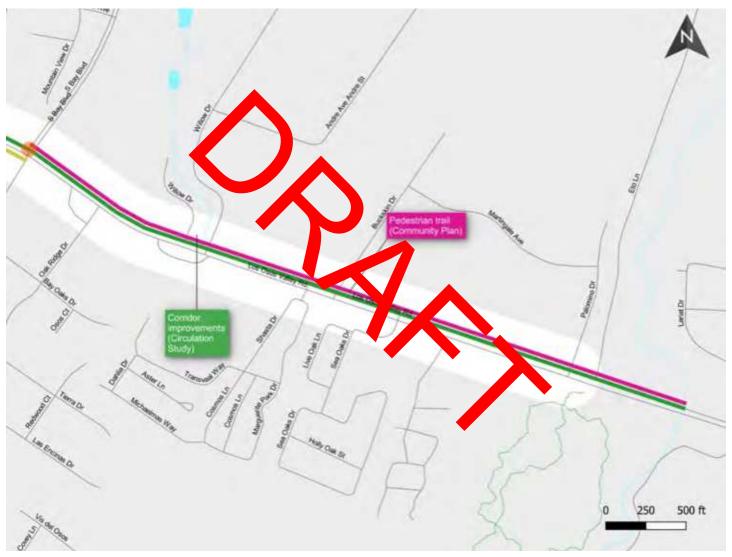


Exhibit 47. Planned improvements from South Bay Boulevard to Palomino Drive

g) LOVR / Foothill Intersection

At the intersection of Foothill Boulevard and LOVR, the Froom Ranch TIS proposes restriping the northwest-bound approach into one left-turn lane, two through lanes, and one right-turn lane. An alternative to this proposal which would remove the need for extra lanes and the traffic signal would be the installation of a roundabout with one right-turn lane. As per the City of San Luis Obispo General Plan's Circulation Element, Policy 7.1.2 states that roundabouts will be the "preferred intersection control alternative due to the vehicle speed reduction, safety, and operational benefits."

The Concept Plan includes a conceptual design for a roundabout at this intersection.



Exhibit 48. Intersection of LOVR and Foothill Blvd

5.8. Operational Analysis

This section outlines the level of service (LOS) and delay for project intersections on Los Osos Valley Road. The LOS analysis conducted in this study utilized the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methodology.

Highway Capacity Manual 7th Edition

Signalized intersection level of service (LOS) is defined in terms of a weighted average control delay for the entire intersection. Control delay quantifies the increase in travel time that a vehicle experiences due to the traffic signal control as well as provides a surrogate measure for driver discomfort and fuel consumption. Signalized intersection LOS is stated in terms of average control delay per vehicle (in seconds) during a specified time period (e.g., weekday PM peak hour). Control delay is a complex measure based on many variables, including signal phasing and coordination (i.e., progression of movements through the intersection and along the corridor), signal cycle length, and traffic volumes with respect to intersection capacity and resulting queues. Exhibit 49 summarizes the LOS criteria for signalized intersections, as described in the Highway Capacity Manual 7th Edition (Transportation Research Board, 2022).

Level of Service	Average Control Dela (seconds ehicle)	General Description
Α	1	Flow
В	>10 – 20	Stable Flow (slight delays)
С	>20 – 35	S ble bw (acceptable delays)
D	>35 – 55	Approaching unstable flow (tolerable delay, occasionally vait through the return one signal cycle before processing)
Е	>55 – 80	Unstable it (intology ble delay)
F ¹	>80	Forced flo (corrested and queues fail to clear)

Source: Highway Capacity Manual 7th Edition, Transportation Research Board, 2

Exhibit 49. Level of Service Criteria for Signalized Intersections

^{1.} If the volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio for a lane group exceeds 1.0 LOS F is assigned to the individual lane LOS for overall approach or intersection is determined solely by the control delay.